

April 16, 1892
 The Press, (Philad. PA)
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 Preservation copy - safe
 # 9626

Wistar
 SS.

THIS BREAKS THE RECORD AGAIN!

6816

Answers were received in THE PRESS Office on Monday by mail in reply to the Advertisements printed in THE SUNDAY PRESS. Thousands more went directly to the advertisers.

TWO CENTS.

"PROMISED LAND."

Territory in North and South Settlement Yesterday.



**DR. PENROSE'S PERIL
 IN WYOMING.**

Arrested on a Technical Charge of Conspiracy to Murder.

HELD BY UNITED STATES TROOPS.

"Rustlers" Encamped Outside the Fort Seeking His Life.

**FIGHT AGAINST
 CATTLE THIEVES.**

Soldiers Interfere in a Deadly Battle Between "Rustlers" and "Cowmen."

WHAT HIS FRIENDS HERE SAY.

How Dr. Penrose as a Physician Became Involved in the Affair—A Recent Letter from Him. His Career Here.

Dr. Charles Bingham Penrose, son of Dr. Richard A. F. Penrose, of this city, and brother of Speaker Penrose, of the Pennsylvania State Senate, is under arrest in the State of Wyoming on a technical charge of conspiracy to murder. A mob of "rustlers" and other cattle thieves of Johnson County, Wyoming, are demanding his life, but he, along with from forty to fifty other

STRUCK BY A CYCLONE.

The Wind Attains a Velocity of Sixty Miles an Hour and Causes Much Damage.

Special Despatch to THE PRESS.

NORFOLK, Va., April 15.—A cyclone struck this section about 8 o'clock last night and carried destruction in its path. The wind attained a velocity of sixty miles an hour, and hail stones as large as small nuts fell. The greatest damage done was at Lambert's Point, where a new round-house is being erected by the Norfolk & Western Railroad Company. A wall 200 feet around and from 12 to 22 feet high, was blown down.

A schooner commanded by Captain Inaley, of Philadelphia, encountered the gale about one mile below Cannery Island Light, and lost all masts, besides having her sails blown to pieces. The vessel came near running aground on the Lightship. In Fris-



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...dwelling, hoozes, barns and farming implements were totally destroyed. Five trees were ruined, but the early crops uninjured.

THE MISSOURI'S RAMPAGE.

Overflowing Its Banks Again and Damaging the Farmers' Crops.

LEAVENWORTH, Kan., April 15.—The Missouri River is again running very high at this point. The water has reached the highest stand at any time within the last three years. The present rise is thought to be due to melting of snow in the North and the excessive rains that have prevailed in this section for the last week.

The river is widening out at this place and is causing considerable damage to farmers in the Missouri bottoms. Last night it washed out large sections of the pontoon bridge and caused a total ruin of the structure.

A NEW YORK BANK FAILS.

Depositors Paid 60 Per Cent. of Their Claims—Stockholders to Receive 50 Per Cent. Shortly.

NEW YORK, April 15.—The Interstate National Bank closed its doors this afternoon. The bank is situated at 167 Broadway and to-day went into voluntary liquidation.

The depositors were paid off, getting 60 per cent. of the entire deposit, and within a week a dividend of 50 per cent. or more will be paid to the stockholders.

BURNED HIS OWN HOUSE.

A Farmer Quarrels with His Wife and After Driving Her from Home Destroys the Dwelling.

PARKERSBURG, W. Va.,—April 15 (SPECIAL).—William Duff, a farmer who lived near Walker Station, quarreled with his wife yesterday evening, and after driving her out of doors with her babe, set fire to the house and burned it and all its contents. He then fled the country.

Director Reiter in Boston.

BOSTON, April 15.—Mr. Abraham Bellier, Director of Public Safety of Philadelphia, and Mr. David B. Walker, Chief of the Electrical Bureau of the same city, are in Boston to-day looking into electrical matters generally, and with special inquiry as to the trolley system as operated by the West End Railroad Company.

TELEGRAPHIC BRIEVITIES.

ALBANY, N. Y.—The Assembly passed a veto of 79 to 54 a bill giving women the right of suffrage in all State elections.

KNOXVILLE—A crowd of demobles men died on the State troops at Coal Creek. No one was hurt, although from 200 to 300 shots were fired.

TORONTO, Ont.—A. G. Brown, the defuncting broker, has fled to Mexico. It is stated that his pilferings will aggregate over \$450,000.

BOSTON.—The United States District Attorney has filed a long answer to the objections raised by the attorneys for the Whitney Trust defendants.

BLOOMSBURG, Md.—Harrod Brewer, a well-known desperado, committed suicide while incarcerated, by shooting. He leaves a widow and four children.

CHICAGO.—A Cottage Grove Avenue cable grip crashed from a Forty-third Street horse car probably fatally injuring two passengers, John Collins and Michael Leonard.

BROWN'S VALLEY, Neb.—A new railway route that two Indian police. He declined to have weakened the Indians for land seekers, and only tried to frighten them.

TOPEKA.—An ancient mine has been discovered at Silver Mountain. In a side to the west was a quarry of an Indian chief. An analysis showed it to be strongly impregnated with gold.

CHICAGO.—An emigrant from Genoa, Italy, was found on a train here suffering from measles. He was taken to hospital. The rest of the party, eighty-four in number, went on to Chicago.

CHICAGO.—At the meeting of the United States League of Builders and Loan Associations, it was voted that a convention of building and loan associations be held during the World's Fair under the auspices of the World's Fair auxiliary.

INDIANAPOLIS.—The Indianapolis Street Railway Company has been incorporated with a capital stock of \$1,000,000. The incorporation is supposed to be the first step in the purchase of the Chicago's Street Railway, of this city, from its Chicago owners.

Dr. Charles Finckham Penrose.

cattle owners, against whom the same people are equally incensed, are under the protection of a formal arrest by the United States regular troops.

This unpleasant, if not absolutely dangerous predicament in which Dr. Penrose finds himself is the result of his impetuous desire to explore all the intricacies of Western life in company with an expedition of cattle owners and ranchmen, which started out on a hunt for thieves who had been depredating their ranches.

BEGINNING OF THE TROUBLE.

In a scrimmage with the cattle thieves on Saturday last two of the thieves were killed. The dead men's companions retreated across the border into Johnson County, of which Buffalo is the county seat. Here, by their tales of outrage, they excited the sympathy of the "rustlers" of Johnson County, who number among their friends the Sheriff and all the other county officials.

Dr. Penrose's party, thinking that the thieves were in retreat, pressed across the Johnson County border in pursuit and fell into an ambush, through which they were surrounded by from 300 to 400 of the thieves and their friends, the "rustlers."

They were in a trap and could not escape, but the Governor had called on the United States troops for assistance in quelling domestic disorders and the federal orders arrived just in time for the United States troops to march out of Fort McKinney and demand the surrender of the cattle owners. The latter at once submitted and were taken into custody by the United States authorities.

Pending the decision by the Government of the disposition to be made of its prisoners, the "rustlers" are augmenting their forces and about 1,000 are camped around Fort McKinney, ready to lynch on sight any of the prisoners whom the authorities may discharge.

A GOOD POINT FOR DR. PENROSE.

Dr. Penrose was not with the party when it was taken into custody by the troops, but he was arrested about 200 miles south.

—place where the negro look plus, giving color to the claims that he had left the jailhouse before they had begun their last fight with the thieves and "rustlers."

Contentment is rife among the friends of the prisoners at the prospect that they may be required to stand trial for murder in Johnson County where the feeling of prejudice against them runs very high on account of their residences in the counties to the south and where all the officials of the county are friends of the "Rustlers."

DETAILS OF THE ESCAPE.

Despatches yesterday from Douglas and Buffalo, two towns in the new State of Wyoming, announced that Dr. Penrose had surrendered to the United States troops and the State authorities of Wyoming, along with the other cattle owners who had pursued the rustlers and other cattle thieves across the border of Johnson County.

Another despatch from Douglas says that Dr. Penrose was captured while he was fleeing south and after he had abandoned his companions. Twenty-three of them had been taken to Fort McKinney, among them being some of the most prominent cattle men in the State, including State Senator Tisdale, Major Wolcott, Fred Eise, A. K. Powers, Deputy United States Marshal Frank Cannon, W. J. Clarke and Water Commissioner W. H. Irwin. The authorities of Johnson County seem to be perfectly satisfied that these distinguished prisoners were in perfect safety under the command of the regular United States soldiers, but the rustlers and other cattle thieves were so thirsty for their blood that they were calling in their forces from the surrounding country so as to encompass the feet and prevent the escape of the prisoners in the event of their being released by the United States authorities.

THE NEWS IN WASHINGTON.

A special despatch from Washington, D. C., last night, explains the situation, briefly thus:—

"When the party of cattlemen, which, it appears, is composed of some of the wealthiest and most influential citizens of Wyoming, organized for the purpose of arresting

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cattle thieves, whose depredations have become alarming. Dr. Penrose joined them in the capacity of a surgeon. The cattle thieves were run down and in fights which ensued some of them were killed. This aroused the "Busters," who are in sympathy with the thieves, and a party of over 500 was organized, who in turn started out to hunt the cattlemen. The parties met and a scrimmage took place in which several were killed on both sides. The "Busters" had the cattlemen surrounded and had for the timely arrival of United States troops would have wiped out the cattlemen. The soldiers took the latter in charge and they are now at Fort Douglas, where the proceedings have been entered against them for the killing of some of the outlaws. The situation is a peculiarly embarrassing one for Dr. Penrose, who merely joined the troops for a taste of life on the plains and the benefit he would receive by "roughing it" for awhile. It is not at all likely that he will experience anything worse than the annoyance of a short confinement. If any assistance can be rendered by the authorities here, Dr. Penrose will undoubtedly receive the benefit of it.

WORD OF DR. PENROSE.

State Senator Boies Penrose, of Philadelphia, in Washington and called upon Secretaries of War Hilkins to learn the exact position of the band of cattlemen in Wyoming who have been having a lively time with the "rustlers" of that State. Senator Penrose's brother, Dr. Charles B. Penrose, had accompanied the cattlemen on their hunt after cattle thieves as surgeon to the party. A telegram from the secretary of the Governor of Wyoming to Senator Penrose informed the latter that his brother had come out of the event unharmed, but with the balance of the party at Fort Douglas, under serious charges brought by the "rustlers." The Senator learned to-day that the matter was now in the hands of the civil authorities. There does not seem to be much chance of his getting out

from the War Department, but he will see the Secretary again to-morrow and it may be that he will be saved a trip to Wyoming, his brother having requested him to come to his assistance. Dr. Penrose went to

visited the swim, Dr. Penrose in five hours and five minutes, and Mr. Halton in five hours and thirteen minutes. Dennis Butler, who trained them, pronounced it a wonderful performance and expressed the opinion that they were the best amateur swimmers in America. The contest almost proved fatal to Dr. Penrose, as the exposure brought a threatening illness, which compelled him to sever his connection with the Oxyneon Hospital and, on the advice of Dr. DuCasse, go to the Rocky Mountains as a climatic change would help to restore his health.

He took his first trip in January, 1891, but returned in April, and in the month following he left again for the West to stay there one year. He was accompanied by Mr. Halton, who had just recovered from an attack of typhoid fever, and went to Cheyenne where he became the guest of Governor Barbour, who had graduated with him at the University. He was shortly followed by Owen Wister and his brothers, Richard and Boies. They all put in three months in the Rocky Mountains, and it was from this trip that Boies Penrose was called home, and made his famous ride to be on time to provide over the State which was called in extra session by Governor Patton to investigate the charges against ex-State Treasurer Boyer and ex-Auditor General McCannitt.

HIS LIFE IN THE WEST.

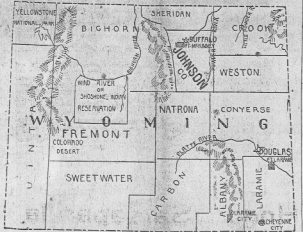
From the Rockies Dr. Penrose went to California, and Governor Barbour paid a visit to Philadelphia. When the Governor returned to Cheyenne, Dr. Penrose rejoined him there, and the Governor and Dr. Penrose practiced medicine together among the ranchmen. In that way the Doctor became intimate, it is thought, with the invading ranchmen and was induced to accompany them on their expedition.

A despatch received yesterday, announcing his capture, states that he asserted that he never knew the expedition had started west with the intention to do murder, or he never would have accompanied it.

It was to have returned home next month.

THE SITUATION EXPLAINED.

Among the friends of Dr. Charles B. Penrose who have visited among his neigh-



MAP OF WYOMING, SHOWING THE SCENE OF THE BATTLE IN JOHNSON COUNTY, FORT MCKINNEY AND OTHER PLACES MENTIONED IN THE DESPATCHES.

Cheyenne last Autumn to recuperate his health. A call at the residence of Dr. Richard A. F. Penrose, 1331 Spruce Street, last evening elicited the information that the Doctor had left for Fort Monroe yesterday morning and that none of his family were in the city.

A LETTER FROM DR. PENROSE.

A letter was received in this city a few days ago from Dr. Penrose, dated Cheyenne, Wyoming, in which the writer announced his intention of leaving with a number of prominent ranchmen to hunt for a number of days which had been stolen some days

ago in the far off State are Dallas Sanders and Henry B. Tyler, who were seen last evening.

At least three Summers, those of 1885, 1888, and 1889, on the range of Major Frank Wolcott, said Mr. Sanders, Major Wolcott is a first cousin of United States Senator Volcott of Colorado. He served in a Kentucky regiment on the Northern side during the war, and was United States Marshal under General Grant for several years, after which he settled on a ranch about thirty miles above Douglas, on the North Platte. He is a prominent and well known man there, and the lawless ones

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The letter stated that about two months before about 1000 head of cattle had been stolen by the rustlers and that the stock owners had received information on which they could trace from 300 to 300 of the horses to one place about 200 miles west of Cheyenne. The party, the letter stated, was made up of fifty-eight prominent ranchmen and the Doctor had been invited to accompany the party in the capacity of surgeon, and had accepted the position. This was the last that had been heard from him until yesterday, when it was learned that he had been captured by United States troops, as told above.

THE RAID OF THE RANCHMEN

It appears that the raid of the ranchmen into Johnson County had been conducted with the greatest secrecy, and according to the dispatches the rustlers were completely taken by surprise near Fort McKinney. The rustlers had left Casper on the 5th of the month, and had taken with them a wagon train containing dynamite and other ammunition.

The fighting began about the 11th. In the meantime a letter had been received from Douglas by Sheriff Angus, of Johnson County, informing him of the invasion, but the rustlers were surprised at K. C. Bensch, near Buffalo, and two of them, State Champion and Dick Ray, were killed and the ranch house was burned over their heads. While the fight was in progress a leading rustler named Jack Elkins, who had been elected a delegate to the Democratic Convention, and who was on his way to Cheyenne, drove up to the ranch. He was ordered to throw up his arms. He refused to do so and escaped on one of his wagon horses.

A HEAVY LOSS REPORTED.

The rustlers immediately gathered in force and with the aid of Sheriff Angus and a posse attacked the invading ranches near Riverside where a furious battle ensued, in which, it is reported, the ranchmen lost twenty-eight and the rustlers and Sheriff's posse, eighteen men. The ranchmen then retreated to Fort McKinney, where they entrenched themselves and prepared to make a desperate resistance.

They were then surrounded by over 200 rustlers and so serious did the affair become that the Governor of Wyoming called on the Government to send troops to the scene.

In response to three General Brooks ordered Colonel J. V. Horn with the Eighth Infantry at Fort McKinney to interfere, and in addition three troops of cavalry were sent to the scene of action. The troops surrounded the entrenched ranches and on Thursday last the ranches surrendered to the troops. Among the leaders of the ranchmen, it is said, were Major Wilford, State Senator Tisdale, Frederick Hesse, A. B. Powers, L. E. Parker, Deputy United States Marshal Frank Cannon, Water Commissioner W. J. Clarke, and W. E. Irvine. Dr. Penrose, it is claimed, was captured while trying to escape.

THE CAREER OF DR. PENROSE.

Dr. Penrose is a son of Dr. Richard A. F. Penrose, of 1831 Spruce Street, and a brother of Hotes Penrose, president of the State Senate. He has won an enviable reputation as a surgeon, and was in the West in the interest of his health. He graduated at Harvard with high honors, and attained a ranking of 100 in mathematics.

He was immediately offered an assistant professorship in mathematics at Harvard, but declined, and was later offered a full professorship by the same institution. This he also declined and came to Philadelphia, and entered the University, where his father was professor of obstetrics. He graduated from the medical department of the University with high honors, and put in sixteen months on the staff of the Pennsylvania Hospital, after which he was elected to the staff of the dispensary surgery of the same institution. He was subsequently elected chief physician of the Sprague Hospital, with the late Dr. D. Hayes Agnew as his colleague.

A COVELY SWIMMING FEAT.

There he remained until August, 1890, when, unfortunately, on the 29th of that month, he consummated a long contemplated swimming contest with Lawyer, now Assistant United States District Attorney Robert Ralston, from Federal Street, Camden, to Chester, a distance of fifteen miles. For three weeks both men had been receiving training and on the day of the contest the river was choppy and a raw, heavy wind blew directly against the swimmers.

Notwithstanding this both men quickly

Cheyenne, where he presided over the 72nd State Convention.

The ranch owners for the last two or three years have suffered great loss by their cattle being stolen and they had formed a "Citizens' Protective Association." This proved ineffective and they then formed a company at Cheyenne and started up to Douglas, which is about 150 miles north of Cheyenne. Fort McKinney is still some 200 miles further north and it was between these points, Douglas and Fort McKinney, that this fight took place. It was an effort by the cattle and ranchmen to protect themselves from this continual stealing of cattle. Some of the most prominent men in the State were in the company.

"How did Dr. Penrose get so far away from the party?" was asked.

"There is no railroad between Douglas and Fort McKinney, and he was doubtless on his way back home to Cheyenne. From the distance which he was away it is evident that he had left the party of cattle owners before they had come into contact with the rustlers. From Douglas he would take the railroad to Cheyenne."

Mr. Tyler coincided with Mr. Sanders and added: "The rustlers have been so active lately that the Cattle Owners' Association has had to appoint agents at all the shipping points to keep account of the cattle which come in for shipment bearing the marks of any of the rustlers. In this connection, and every one presenting such cattle for shipment has to prove ownership. The friends of the rustlers hold all the offices in Johnson County and if a trial takes place at Buffalo, the county seat of Johnson County, it will be hard for the cattle owners to get the rustlers out of the prisoners are in the South road about Cheyenne and in the further southern sections."

The Prisoners Must Be Protected.

WASHINGTON, April 15.—The Secretary of War to-day telegraphed to General Brooks that while the Government has no desire to interfere with civil processes in any way, yet he must protect the prisoners in his charge from violence.

A Matter for Civil Authorities.

WASHINGTON, April 15.—Secretary Elkins said to-day that he had been writing further from the "Rustler trouble" in Wyoming, and presumed that with the arrest of the rustler gang by the United States troops all question of the rustlers as an end, and the matter would now be attended to by the civil authorities.

CHILL'S NEW MINISTER.

Senor Gana Expected to Succeed Montt at Washington.

VALPARAISO, April 15.—There is not the slightest intention on the part of Chill to suspend diplomatic relations with the United States, nor has any intimation been received from Washington that any such decision exists there. The rumor from the United States that such a purpose existed has therefore created much surprise both here and in Santiago.

The intention of the Chilean Government is to maintain a lasting good understanding with the United States, and it is for that reason that Senor Albert B. Gana has been offered the post of Minister to Washington in place of Pedro Montt.

It is believed that Senor Gana will be highly acceptable to the United States, having filled the post of Chilean Minister at Washington about twenty years ago.

PLACED IN A POTTER'S GRAVE.

Lieutenant Gorrings' Brother Buried by a Mistake in a Pottery Field.

CHICAGO, April 15.—The brother of one of the greatest engineers of the century now lies in a grave in the Potters' field at the Cook County poor farm. It was not until after his burial that it was discovered that his name was Hubert F. Gorrings and that he was a brother of Lieutenant Gorrings, under whose charge the Obelisk was removed from Egypt to New York city.

The unfortunate man is said to have been in the employ of the World's Fair as a civil engineer at a salary of \$100 per month.

Remember Wednesday, Saturday, Sunday are special Want "ad." days in THE PRESS. Rate under Help Wanted one cent a word. Situations Wanted one-half cent a word.