the house fell outward into the street. All lights had, of course, been extinguished, and the little group of Odd-Fellows clung to one another in terror and despair. Suddenly the frame roof was lifted from its remaining supports and swept away bodily by the storm. It seemed now as if everything must go from under them. They could hear the noise of the joists and plaster falling down into the store-room below, and they were in momentary danger of being dropped into the general wreck. A moment later the rear wall tottered, and then fell outward with a mighty crash. One of their number, who was standing with his back to the wall, was carried down in the ruins, and received injuries from which it is not likely that he will recover.

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On the 3d of September there was a quarrel in one of the "rooms" in the mine between some whites and some Chinamen as to who had the right to work there. Four Chinamen were wounded, one fatally. After the quarrel all the miners "came out," and work was abandoned. The Chinamen went to their quarter, known as "Chinatown." The whites armed themselves with rifles, shot-guns, and revolvers, "to protect themselves from the Chinese," they said. After dinner that day the saloons were all closed, and the white miners held a meeting in the streets, at which it was decided that "John must go, then and there." The way in which John was made to go is described by the Rock Springs Independent, a paper that fully sustains the resolution of the miners, and throws the responsibility for their action upon the roilroad company, which brought the Chinese to the Springs.

The substance of the Independent's story is as follows: The miners, sixty or seventy armed and the rest stragglers, advanced on Chinatown, driving in the Chinese section men as they went.
When near the "town," warning was sent to the
Chinese to "leave in an hour," which the latter
prepared busily to do. "But the men grew impatient. They thought John was too slow in getting out, and might be preparing to defend his position. In about half an hour an advance was made on the enemy's works, with much shooting and shouting. The hint was sufficient. Without offering any resistance, the Chinamen snatched up whatever they could lay their hands on and started east on a run. Some were bareheaded and barefooted, others carried a small bundle in a handkerchief, while a number had rolls of bed-ding. They fied like a flock of sheep, scrambling and tumbling down the steep banks of Bitter Creek, then through the sage-brush and over the railroad, and up into the hills east of Burning Mountain. Some of the men were engaged in

that arose from the smoking ruins was horribly suggestive of burning flesh." Nothing could add to the severity of the condemnation which these brutally frank admissions suggest.

Governor Warren, of Wyoming Territory, has shown no sympathy with the rioters. He has done all he could to bring them to justice, and twenty of their leaders have been arrested. The Governor repaired instantly to the town, telegraphed to Washington for Federal troops, and, until they arrived, used his influence at no small personal risk to protect the Chinamen from further persecution. Just a week almost to an hour after the assault on Chinatown had been made, there were 650 Chinese, including many of the fugitives, brought back under guard of 200 United States soldiers, and set to work. Some of them began to dig in the fuins of their houses, and it is said that as much as \$12,000 was unearthed, which the "hated Chinese" had managed to save on the same wages as were received by the "superior" race, though on smaller daily earnings. The miners who "came out" from work on the morning of the 3d of September, and spent the day and night in the pleasures of the chase, will not go back.

HORSFORD'S ACID PHOSPHATE,

BEWARE OF IMITATIONS.

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of a LETTER from
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Augr's arely 1885

THE OHIO CYCLONE.

THERE was no incident in the progress of the destructive cyclone which devastated the town of Washington Court House in Ohio, on the evening of September 8, that better illustrated the awful force and fury of the wind than the wrecking of Stetson's store and the Odd-Fellows' Hall,

as pictured in this number.

Odd-Fellows' Hall occupied nearly the entire second floor of a two-story brick building. was one of the newest and most substantial business structures in the town. In the rear of the hall was a little anteroom about eight by ten feet in dimensions. When the storm came sweeping down upon the village, thirty Odd-Fellows were assembled in their lodge, over Sterson's store. They knew that it was a stormy night out-of-doors, for they had brought dripping umbrellas with them into the hall. It is quite safe, however, to say that none of them, having reached the warm and comfortable lodge-room, gave a moment's uneasy thought to the inclement weather that was prevailing outside. The building faced the direction of the advancing whirlwind, and the big raindrops beat mercilessly upon the front windows. Suddenly there was a mightier gust than any that had preceded it, and the window-panes and sashes fell inward with an ominous crash, now thoroughly alarmed members of the lodge rushed from the main hall and took refuge in the little chamber at the rear. They had barely reached this apartment, and were huddled together like so many frightened sheep, when with a terrific din three-fourths of the brick front of the house fell outward into the street. All lights had, of course, been extinguished, and the little group of Odd-Fellows clung to one another in terror and despair. Suddenly the frame roof was lifted from its remaining supports and swept away bodily by the storm. It seemed now as if everything must go from under them. They could hear the noise of the joists and plaster falling down into the store-room below, and they were in momentary danger of being dropped into the general wreck. A moment later the rear wall tottered, and then fell outward with a mighty crash. One of their number, who was standing with his back to the wall, was carried down in the ruins, and received injuries from which it is not likely that he will recover.

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searching the houses and driving out the stray Chinamen who were in hiding, while others followed up the retreating Chinamen, encouraging their flight with showers of bullets fired over their heads."

TILITAL THEON

This is the miners' organ's account of the work. It shows that the Chinese offered absolutely no resistance, and that the whites were not drunk. When the Chinese quarter was apparently emp-ty, the miners set fire to it. "Half choked with fire and smoke, numbers of Chinamen came rushing from the burning buildings, and with blankets and bed-quilts over their heads to protect them from stray rifle-shots, they followed their retreating brothers into the hills at the top of their speed." "All the night long the sound of rifle and revolver was heard, and the surrounding hills were lit by the glare of the burning houses."
The net result of the "stray rifle-shots" and "showers of balls fired over the heads" of the fugitives will never be exactly known. A coroner's jury sat on fifteen dead bodies, and returned a verdict that "eleven had been burned to death and four shot by parties unknown to the jury." The utter fiendishness of the mob was almost inconceivable. The miners' newspaper says of the men who perished in the flames: "From the position of some of the bodies it would seem as if they had begun to dig a hole in the cellar to hide themselves. But the fire overtook them when about half-way in the hole, burning their lower extremities to a crisp, and leaving the upper portion of their bodies untouched. At the east end of Chinatown a body was found charred by the flames and mutilated by hogs. The smell that arose from the smoking ruins was horribly suggestive of burning flesh." Nothing could add to the severity of the condemnation which these

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